

**Exercise 25** *Observations in Kerr Geometry*

- a) Compute the angular velocity of a static observer in the Kerr geometry. The four-velocity of a static observer is assumed to be given by the normal vector of surfaces of fixed Killing time;  $t = \text{const}$ . Compute the angular velocity given by  $d\phi/dt$ . Furthermore, give the value of the angular velocity on the horizon of the Kerr geometry.
- b) Consider the Kerr geometry for small negative  $r$ ,  $t$  fixed and  $\theta = \pi/2$ . Show that the metric admits closed time like curves.

**Exercise 26** *Frame dragging*

Consider the general form of the Kerr metric,

$$ds^2 = g_{tt}dt^2 + g_{rr}dr^2 + g_{\theta\theta}d\theta^2 + g_{\phi\phi}d\phi^2 + g_{t\phi}(dtd\phi + d\phi dt), \quad (1)$$

and assume that the metric components are  $t$  and  $\phi$  independent with Killing vectors  $\partial_t$  and  $\partial_\phi$ .

- a) Give the conserved charges for a pointlike test particle moving in the geometry corresponding to energy and angular momentum.
- b) Assume the particle is falling from spatial infinity with vanishing angular momentum. Give the condition for zero angular momentum for an asymptotically Minkowski metric  $g_{t\phi} \rightarrow 0, g_{\phi,\phi} \rightarrow 1$  for  $r \rightarrow \infty$ .
- c) Compute the position dependent angular velocity  $\omega(r, \theta) = d\phi/dt$  for a particle falling towards the black hole from the region with large radial coordinate.